§ 1735.51

findings. Details on the information required to support these findings are included in 7 CFR part 1737.

§1735.51 Required findings.

- (a) Feasibility of and security for the Loan. The borrower shall provide RUS with satisfactory evidence to enable the Administrator to determine that the security for the loan is reasonably adequate and the loan will be repaid on time. This finding is based on the following factors:
- (1) Self-liquidation of the loan within the loan amortization period; this requires that there be sufficient revenues from the borrower's system, in excess of operating expenditures (including maintenance and replacement), to repay the loan with interest.
- (2) Reasonable assurance of achieving the telephone market projections upon which the loan is based.
- (3) Economic feasibility (based on projected revenues, expenses, net income, maximum debt service, and rate of return on investment) for the proposed system using local service rate schedules appropriate for the area served.
- (4) Impact of the proposed loan and construction on the ratio of the borrower's secured debt to assets.
- (5) Projected growth in the borrower's equity.
- (6) Satisfactory experience and reputation of the system's principal owners and manager.
- (7) A first lien on the borrower's total system or other adequate security.
- (8) Fair market value of the borrower's assets as represented in its financial reports to RUS.
- (9) Appropriate financial and managerial controls included in the loan documents.
- (10) Other factors determined to be relevant by RUS.
- (b) Area coverage. The borrower shall provide RUS with satisfactory evidence to enable the Administrator to determine that adequate telephone service will be made available to the widest practical number of rural users during the life of the loan.
- (c) Nonduplication or certificate requirement. The borrower shall provide RUS with satisfactory evidence to enable the Administrator to determine

that no duplication of service shall result from a particular loan for those borrowers not required by the state regulatory commission to have a certificate of convenience and necessity (or its equivalent). For borrowers required to have a certificate of convenience and necessity, all portions of the existing and proposed system must be covered by the certificate.

[54 FR 13351, Apr. 3, 1989. Redesignated at 55 FR 39395, Sept. 27, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 26598, June 10, 1991]

§1735.52 Findings required for particular loan purposes.

- (a) Refinancing. For loans that include funds to refinance outstanding indebtedness of the borrower, the borrower shall provide RUS with satisfactory evidence to enable the Administrator to determine that the inclusion in the loan of such funds shall be necessary and incidental to furnishing or improving telephone service in rural areas. See 7 CFR 1735.21.
- (b) Facilities for nonrural areas. Whenever a borrower proposes to use loan funds for the improvement, expansion, construction, or acquisition of telephone facilities within or for nonrural areas, the borrower shall provide RUS with satisfactory evidence to enable the Administrator to determine that such funds shall be necessary and incidental to furnishing or improving telephone service in rural areas.

§§ 1735.53-1735.59 [Reserved]

Subpart F—Mortgage Controls on Acquisitions and Mergers

SOURCE: 54 FR 14626, Apr. 12, 1989, unless otherwise noted. Redesignated at 55 FR 39395, Sept. 27, 1990.

§ 1735.60 Specific provisions.

- (a) The standard form of RUS mortgage contains certain provisions concerning mergers and acquisitions:
- (1) Article II, section 4(a) requires the borrower to obtain the written approval of the majority noteholders before taking any action to reorganize, or to consolidate with or merge into any other corporation.